FIRST ANNOUNCEMENT

Atractive Places at Shivpuri

Madhay National Park

The park is situated near Shivpuri town and is a part of the upper Vindhyan hills. The Park was the hunting ground of Mughal emperors and Maharaja of Gwalior. It got the status of a National Park in 1958. There are two entry points for the park; one situated on NH-25 (Old Jhansi road) about 5 km from Shivpuri town while the other is on NH-3 (Agra-Mumbai road) at a distance of 7 km from Shivpuri towards Gwalior. The Park is gifted with a diverse ecosystem comprising of lakes, forests and grasslands. The forest is home to antelopes like Nilgai, Chinkara and Chowsinga and Deer including Chital, Sambar and Barking Deer. Animals like the Leopard, Wolf, Jackal, Fox, Wild Dog, Wild Pig, Porcupine, Python etc are also sighted in the park.





Kuno National Park

Kuno National Park, is like an ornament in the Vindhyan Hills of Central India. It is a rare jungle, an oasis nestled between an otherwise rocky and unforgiving landscape. The stories and the legends from the land of Kuno, are as old as time itself and the denizens of this land can narrate endless tales of sacrifice and longing. The place is full of ancient forts and structures which have now been reclaimed by the forest, lush green vegetation dominated by the "Kardhai", "Khair" and "Salai" trees, an amazing world having rich diversity and very high density of winged creatures, freely roaming ungulates and carnivores and in the midst of all this flows the famous Kuno river, from which this park derives its name: which is the silent spectator to the national park's rich history and testimony to its revitalization, re-emergence and revival from the verge of being completely wiped out to what it is today.

Chhatri

Shivpuri is famous for graceful, intricately embellished marble chhatris erected by Scindia rulers. The Chhatris are set in an elaborate Mughal Garden and are dedicated to Scindias. One of these belongs to Madhav Rao Scindia, and the other to his mother Maharani Sakhya Raje Scindia facing each other . The Chhatris are spectacular fusion of Hindu and Islamic architecture styles with Mughal pavilions.





ORCHHA

Exhibiting the wonderful Bundela-era legends, Orchha remains steadfast as the major historical site that has naintained the culture and legends of the rulers of the Bundela dynasty. Chieftain Rudra Pratap Singh founded Orchha on a piece of land along the Betwa river. This amazing town will fascinate you during your adventure, as it is a perfect destination to tour with friends and family. There are so many historical places to visit in Orchha and it is vell connected to almost all the major towns of Madhya Pradesh.

Gwalio

The history of Gwalior can be traced from the legend of eighth century AD, about a chieftain, Suraj Sen who contracted leprosy and was cured by the hermit-saint Gwalipa. He established this city in his honour as a mark of gratitude for the incident. Over the years, the newly established city, Gwalior came into existence. Gwalior has been the birthplace of many powerful dynasties. The city took on a new dimension as a result of the warrior kings, poets, artists, and saints who helped it become well-known across the nation with each new dynasty. In addition, the city serves as the location for the monuments honoring historical freedom fighters like Tatya Tope and the tenacious Rani of Jhansi.





Ranthambore National Park

Ranthambore National Park is one of the biggest and most renowned national parks in Northern India. The park is located in the Sawai Madhopur district of southeastern Raiasthan, which is about 130 km from Jaipur.

Once considered as one of the famous and former hunting grounds of the Maharajas of Jaipur, today the Ranthambore National Park terrain is a major wildlife tourist attraction that has drawn the attention of many wildlife photographers and lovers.

Narwa

The ancient city of Narwar is a glorious example of art, culture, heritage and historical ups and downs! Derived from the words nara which means man and vara which means excellent or exemplary match, Narwar has been the birthplace of many romantic stories like Raja Nala and Damayanti, Raja Man Singh Tomar and Gujari Rani Mrignayani and Prince Dhola and Princess Maru. This city used to be called as Nalapura after Raja Nala right up till the 12th century and the fort with its palatial quarters is exactly where Raja Nala gambled and lost all his wealth. Legend has it that when Raja Nala left for the forest along with Damayanti, the Kuladevi decided to lie down at the entrance of the main gateway to protect the treasury and since then, has been called Pasardevi, Goddess of tortoises. In fact, there is a massive statue of Pasardevi that is about 12 feet high and 8 feet wide at the entrance of the main doorway and a trench that is about 7-8 feet deep below her two arms.



Jhansi

Jhansi was built as a hilltop fortress of the Maratha kings, built above a town then known as Shankargarh. It may have gotten its name from jhain-si (blurred shadow) for its appearance from a distance. The massive fort still stands, but today "Jhansi" refers both to the city of around 8 million people at its base and to the surrounding region. Far Jhansi's best-known inhabitant was Rani Lakshmi Bai, sometimes described as "India's Joan of Arc", who ruled it in the mid-19th century. She was the widow of the Rajah and, by Indian reckoning, on the old boy's demise their son inherited the throne and she became regent since the lad was quite young. However, the British authorities did not recognise the son's claim because he was adopted; by their rules the throne was vacant so the territory oh-soconveniently fell to the East India Company. The historical novel Flashman and the Great Game gives an account of the mutiny, including much about Jhansi and Lakshmi Bai.



MPIOACON

6th, 7th & 8th October, 2023

41th Annual Conference of M.P. Chapter of Indian **Orthopaedic Association**

Venue : SHRIMANT RAJMATA VIJAYARAJE SCINDIA **MEDICAL COLLEGE SHIVPURI (M.P.)**

Organised by : Shivpuri Orthopaedic Society





Dr. Atul Srivastava

Dr. Suneet Tandon



Dr. Govind Singh rganising Chairr MPIOA 2023



















Dr. Saket Jat







Dr. R.S. Baioria









Welcome Massage

Dear friends,

The department of orthopaedics Shrimant Rajmata Vijayaraje Scindia Medical College Shivpuri M.P. and Shivpuri orthopaedic society take great pleasure in inviting you to the 41th Annual conference of m.p. chapter of indian orthopaedic association from 6th to 8th october, 2023 shivpuri M.P.

It will be a 3 day event that will include pre conference work shop, lectures, debates ,case discussions, video demonstrastions and new research paper presentations.

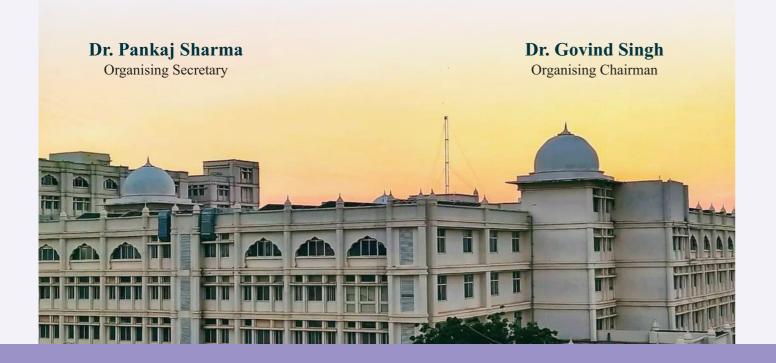
Many eminent national and international faculties have already consented to be a part of this academic activity.

This old Summer capital city of Scindia dynasty is surrounded near by 3 national parks with new homes of cheetahs at India, is located around 100 km. from Gwalior is all set to dazzle you a rare mix of natural beauty with scientific extravaganza.

We are expecting around 500 orthopaedic surgeons from all over Madhya Pradesh and India to participate in the event.

We welcome you and look forward to your active participation in 41th MPIOACON 2023.

Thanks & Regards



ORGANISING TEAM



Dr. K.B. Verma Patron



Dr. Govind Singh Organising Chairman





Dr. A.L. Sharma Co-Organising Chairman Co-Organisng Chairman





Dr. Alok Shrivastav Co-Orgainsing Secretary

Joint Organising Secretary th















Dr. R.P. Singh Co-Patron



Dr. Pankaj Sharma Organising secretary



Dr. SPS Raghuvanshi Dr. Sonendra Sharma Treasurer



Dr. R.K. Dubey Co-Organising Secretary





Dr. R.K. Gupta Dr. O.P. Sharma Joint Organising Secretary